

Romance of The Three Kingdoms™

FOUR GREAT BATTLES

KOEI

THE BATTLE OF WUCHANG PLAIN

This great battle was fought between masters Zhuge Liang and Sima Yi. When one struck the other would retreat and the battle came to a stalemate. Zhuge fell ill and his army began to withdraw. Sima knew that something had happened but was unsure whether or not Zhuge was dead. Zhuge realized that once he was dead Sima would not hesitate to make a full scale attack, so as a last order he had a wooden model of himself made. Sima saw this model and, believing that Zhuge was still alive, fled the battlefield.

(VICTORIOUS GENERALS)

Si Ma Yi, Xia Hui Mao, Xue Houba, Xue Houwei, Hwei De, Guo Hui, Sun Li, Si Ma Shi, Si Ma Zhao.

(DEFEATED GENERALS)

Liu Chan, Ma Dai, Zhuge Liang, Wei Yan, Jiang Wei, Zhao Tong, Zhao Guang, Yang Yi, Jiang Wan, Wang Ping, Luo Hui, Fei Wei.

THE BATTLE OF YILING

Acting out of great hatred, Master Liu Bei had attacked Master Sun Quan. It was a decision steering from emotion, not military wisdom. Before long, the bodies of Liu Bei's troops were so numerous that they came close to damming the Yangtze river. Liu Bei died of illness after this battle, leaving his affairs in the hands of his son and a trusted general named Zhuge Liang.

(VICTORIOUS GENERALS)

Sun Quan, Cheng Pu, Gao Ning, Zhuge Jin, Lu Xun, Sun Chuan, Sun Huan, Zhu ran, Li Tong, Han Gang, Zhou Tai.

(DEFEATED GENERALS)

Liu Bei, Xiao Chao, Ma Dai, Xu Zhu, Zhao Yun, Yi Ji, Zhuge Liang, Wei Yang, Ma Su, Huang Zhong Bai, Guan Xing, Zhang Ren, Ma Liang.

(VICTORIOUS GENERALS)

Liu Bei, Huang Gei, Zhou Yu, Sun Quan, Cheng Pu, Guan Yu, Zhang Fei, Sun Gan, Guan Ping, Li Gu, Gan Ning, Mi Zhu, Zhao Yue, Tai Shi Ci, Lu Su, Zhuo Ge Jin, Lu Meng, Lu Xun, Yi Ji, Zhu Ge Liang, Wei Yan, Pang Tong, Lin Tong, Ma Liang.

(DEFEATED GENERALS)

Cao Cao, Xia Hui Huan, Cao Hong, Gao Yu, Cheng Pu, Xu Xu, Xu Zhu, Xu Huang, Zhang Xu.

THE BATTLE AT CH'ANGAN BRIDGE

Master Cao Cao had invaded the South. Liu Xie, the most powerful Master in the area died of illness immediately after the invasion. Two of the remaining Masters, Liu Bei and his son Liu Cong, fled. Liu Bei, however, decided to save as many presents as he could and ordered one hundred ships prepared to transport presents out of Cao Cao's way. This slowed down Liu Bei's troops, giving Cao Cao's army time to catch up with them. At Ch'angan Bridge one of Liu Bei's generals, Zhang Fei, managed to hold off Cao Cao's army with just twenty men of his own.

(VICTORIOUS GENERALS)

Cao Cao, Xia Hui Huan, Xia Hui Yuen, Cao Ren, Cao Hong, Sun Yu, Cheng Yu, Cai Men, Jia Xu, Xu Zhu, Xu Huang, Zhang Liao, Cui Jin, Xu Shu.

(DEFEATED GENERALS)

Liu Bei, Guan Yu, Zhang Fei, Sun Gan, Guan Ping, Mi Zhu, Zhao Yun, Yi Ji, Zhuge Liang, Wei Yang.

THE BATTLE OF RED WALL

Master Cao Cao had taken control of most of China. His only real opposition comes from Masters Liu Bei and Sun Quan. The Battle of Red Wall was essentially a naval battle. It was won by the allied forces of Liu and Sun when they tricked Cao Cao into linking his ships together with chains and, after he had done this, setting his fleet ablaze. With this battle came the start of Cao Cao's downfall and the beginning of China's division into three separate kingdoms.